

## CLAIM LISTING

This listing of claims, if entered, replaces all prior versions of the claims in the application.

1. (Currently Amended) A method, comprising:  
detecting a timing violation, caused by crosstalk, in a timing path included in an integrated circuit design;  
removing one of one or more wires included in the timing path, wherein the one of the one or more wires couples two nodes included in the integrated circuit design; and  
routing a new wire between the two nodes, wherein the new wire is longer than the removed one of the one or more wires, and wherein the new wire experiences fewer crosstalk effects than the removed one of the one or more wires, wherein a driver for driving signals on the new wire has substantially a same size as a driver for driving signals on the one of the one or more wires removed by said removing.
2. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein  
the new wire is routed through a higher routing layer than the removed one of the one or more wires.
3. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:  
calculating timing information for the one or more wires included in the timing path; and  
selecting the one of the one or more wires for removal dependent on the timing information.
4. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein  
the timing information includes delay information.
5. (Original) The method of claim 4, further comprising:  
selecting the one of the one or more wires for removal in response to the delay information indicating that the one of the one or more wires has a greater delay than other ones of the one or more wires included in the timing path.

6. (Original) The method of claim 5, further comprising:  
selecting the one of the one or more wires to remove in response to the delay information  
indicating that a delay of the one of the one or more wires exceeds a threshold  
delay.
7. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein  
the timing information includes slew information.
8. (Original) The method of claim 3, wherein  
the timing information includes both slew information and delay information for each of  
the one or more wires included in the timing path.
9. (Original) The method of claim 8, further comprising:  
sorting the one or more wires included in the timing path based on the slew information  
and the delay information;  
dependent on an outcome of said sorting, selecting the one of the one or more wires for  
removal.
10. (Original) The method of claim 3, further comprising:  
sorting the one or more wires dependent on the timing information; and  
selecting the one of the one or more wires for removal in response to said sorting.
11. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein  
said removing is dependent on a location of the one of the one or more wires relative to  
one or more other wires included in the integrated circuit design.
12. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 11, further comprising:  
selecting the one of the one or more wires for removal in response to determining that the  
one of the one or more wires has fewer neighboring wires than a second one of  
the one or more wires.
13. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein

said detecting is performed by a sign-off tool.

14. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:  
removing more than one of the one or more wires included in the timing path, wherein  
each of the more than one of the one or more wires couples a respective pair of a  
plurality of pairs of nodes; and  
routing a new wire between each pair included in the plurality of pairs of nodes.

15. (Previously Presented) The method of claim 1, wherein  
said routing comprises routing the new wire so that a space exists between the new wire  
and any other wires, wherein  
a size of the space is selected to reduce crosstalk effects between the new wire and one or  
more other wires.

16. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein  
the new wire has less delay and less slew than the one of the one or more wires removed  
by said removing.

17. (Canceled)

18. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein  
said routing does not introduce any new timing violations into the integrated circuit  
design.

19. (Original) The method of claim 1, further comprising:  
performing said detecting, said removing, and said routing for a plurality of additional  
timing paths, wherein  
no new buffers are added, no existing drivers are resized, and no existing buffers  
are resized or moved in response to detection of the timing violations in  
the timing path and the plurality of additional timing paths; and

subsequent to said performing, no timing violations are detected in a circuit design that includes the timing path and the plurality of additional timing paths.

20. (Original) The method of claim 19, wherein a single wire is selected as the one of the one or more wires to be removed for more than one timing path of the plurality of additional timing paths.

21. (Currently Amended) A system, comprising:  
a processor; and  
a memory coupled to the processor and storing program instructions executable by the processor to:  
detect a timing violation, caused by crosstalk, in a timing path included in an integrated circuit design;  
remove one of one or more wires included in the timing path, wherein the one of the one or more wires couples two nodes; and  
route a new wire between the two nodes, wherein the new wire is longer than the removed one of the one or more wires, [[and]] wherein the new wire experiences fewer crosstalk effects than the removed one of the one or more wires, and wherein a driver for driving signals on the new wire has substantially a same size as a driver for driving signals on the removed one of the one or more wires.

22. (Original) The system of claim 21, wherein the program instructions are executable to:  
route the new wire through a higher routing layer than the removed one of the one or more wires.

23. (Original) The system of claim 21, wherein the program instructions are executable to:  
calculate timing information for the one or more wires; and  
dependent on the timing information, select the one of the one or more wires for removal.

24. (Original) The system of claim 23, wherein the timing information includes delay information.

25. (Original) The system of claim 24, wherein the program instructions are executable to:  
select the one of the one or more wires to remove in response to the delay information indicating that a delay of the one of the one or more wires exceeds a threshold delay.

26. (Original) The system of claim 23, wherein the timing information includes slew information.

27. (Original) The system of claim 23, wherein the program instructions are executable to:  
sort the plurality of wires dependent on the timing information.

28. (Original) The system of claim 21, wherein the program instructions are executable to:  
remove the one of the one or more wires dependent on a location of the one of the one or more wires relative to one or more other wires.

29. (Original) The system of claim 21, wherein the program instructions are executable to:  
remove more than one of the one or more wires included in the timing path, wherein each of the more than one of the one or more wires couples a respective pair of a plurality of pairs of nodes; and  
route a new wire between each pair included in the plurality of pairs of nodes.

30. (Previously Presented) The system of claim 21, wherein the program instructions are executable to:  
route the new wire so that a space exists between the new wire and any other wires,  
wherein

a size of the space is selected to reduce crosstalk effects between the new wire and one or more other wires.

31. (Original) The system of claim 21, wherein the new wire has less delay and less slew than the removed one of the one or more wires.

32. (Canceled)

33. (Original) The system of claim 21, wherein the program instructions are executable to:

route the new wire without introducing any new timing violations into the integrated circuit design.

34. (Currently Amended) A computer readable medium comprising program instructions executable to:

detect a timing violation, caused by crosstalk, in a timing path included in the integrated circuit design;

remove one of one or more wires included in the timing path, wherein the one of the one or more wires couples two nodes; and

route a new wire between the two nodes, wherein the new wire is longer than the removed one of the one or more wires, [[and]] wherein the new wire experiences fewer crosstalk effects than the removed one of the one or more wires, and wherein a driver for driving signals on the new wire has substantially a same size as a driver for driving signals on the removed one of the one or more wires.

35. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 34, wherein the program instructions are executable to:

route the new wire through a higher routing layer than the removed one of the one or more wires.

36. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 34, wherein the program instructions are executable to:

calculate timing information for the one or more wires included in the timing path; and dependent on the timing information, select the one of the one or more wires for removal.

37. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 36, wherein the timing information includes delay information.

38. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 37, wherein the program instructions are executable to:

select the one of the one or more wires to remove in response to the delay information indicating that a delay of the one of the one or more wires exceeds a threshold delay.

39. (Previously Presented) The computer readable medium of claim 37, wherein the program instructions are executable to:

select the one of the one or more wires to remove in response to the delay information indicating that the one of the one or more wires has a greater delay than other ones of the one or more wires included in the timing path.

40. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 36, wherein the timing information includes slew information.

41. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 36, wherein the program instructions are executable to:

sort the one or more wires dependent on the timing information.

42. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 34, wherein the program instructions are executable to:

select the one of the one or more wires for removal dependent on a location of the one of the one or more wires relative to one or more other wires.

43. (Previously Presented) The computer readable medium of claim 42, wherein the program instructions are executable to:

select the one of the one or more wires for removal in response to determining that the one of the one or more wires has fewer neighboring wires than a second one of the one or more wires.

44. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 34, wherein the program instructions are executable to:  
remove more than one of the one or more wires included in the timing path, wherein each of the more than one of the one or more wires couples a respective pair of a plurality of pairs of nodes; and  
route a new wire between each pair included in the plurality of pairs of nodes.

45. (Previously Presented) The computer readable medium of claim 34, wherein the program instructions are executable to:  
route the new wire so that a space exists between the new wire and any other wires,  
wherein  
a size of the space is selected to reduce crosstalk effects between the new wire and one or more other wires.

46. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 34, wherein  
the new wire has less delay and less slew than the removed one of the one or more wires.

47. (Canceled)

48. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 34, wherein  
routing the new wire does not introduce any new timing violations into the integrated circuit design.

49. (Currently Amended) A computer readable medium, comprising program instructions executable to:  
select one of a one or more wires included in a timing path included in an integrated circuit design for removal in response to a timing violation, caused by crosstalk, being detected in the timing path, wherein



the one of the one or more wires couples two nodes in the integrated circuit design;  
remove the one of the one or more wires selected by said selecting;  
route a new wire between the two nodes, wherein the new wire is longer than the one of the one or more wires removed by said removing, [[and]] wherein the new wire experiences fewer crosstalk effects than the removed one of the one or more wires, and wherein a driver for driving signals on the new wire has substantially a same size as a driver for driving signals on the removed one of the one or more wires.

50. (Original) The computer readable medium of claim 49, wherein the program instructions are executable to:  
select the one of the one or more wires dependent on timing information associated with each of the one or more wires.

51. (Currently Amended) A integrated circuit designed by a process, the process comprising:  
detecting a timing violation, caused by crosstalk, in a timing path included in an integrated circuit design;  
removing one of one or more wires included in the timing path, wherein the one of the one or more wires couples two nodes included in the integrated circuit design; and  
routing a new wire between the two nodes, wherein the new wire is longer than the removed one of the one or more wires, [[and]] wherein the new wire experiences fewer crosstalk effects than the removed one of the one or more wires, and wherein a driver for driving signals on the new wire has substantially a same size as a driver for driving signals on the removed one of the one or more wires;  
wherein the integrated circuit includes an empty space through which a shorter wire coupling the two nodes could have been placed during fabrication of the integrated circuit.

52. (Original) The integrated circuit of claim 51, wherein

said routing the new wire comprises routing the new wire through a higher routing layer than the removed one of the one or more wires.

53. (Original) The integrated circuit of claim 51, wherein the process further comprises:

- calculating timing information for the one or more wires included in the timing path; and
- selecting the one of the one or more wires for removal dependent on the timing information.